NT .	Class	Date
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Main Idea Activities 5.1

Early Greeks and the Rise of City-States

VOCABULARY Some terms to understand:

- peninsula (106): a long piece of land almost completely surrounded by water
- mainland (106): a body of land that makes up the main part of a continent
- clan (107): a group of family members who share common interests
- fort-like (108): similar to the strong, protected place used as an army post
- issues (109): important, but unsettled matters

ORGANIZING INFORMATION Fill in the graphic organizer by writing the events in the correct sequence.

- The Greeks formed independent city-states.
- Minoans traded throughout the Aegean Sea.
- Legendary King Minos built a great civilization.
- Mycenaeans conquered central Crete.

A Growing Civilization

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Chapter	5, Main Idea Activities 5.1, continued
EVALUATI	NG INFORMATION Mark each statement T if it is true or F if it is false.
	1. Their geographic location made it easy for the Greeks to establish a central government.
2	2. The Greeks depended upon the sea for transportation, food, and business.
3	5. We learned about Minoan culture by studying the frescoes of Minoan artists.
	. Crete's rich soil provided the Minoans with abundant food.
	The Greek word <i>polis</i> referred to a fort, a city, and the farming lands around it.
	. The Greek city-states were united under one economy and government.
7	In a polis, only a small group of free males were considered citizens.
8	In the agora, people bought food and discussed important ideas.
9	People in the Greek city-states spoke several languages.
10	Greeks built each polis around a fort on an acropolis.
LASSIFYI ulture. In t	NG Decide whether each item refers to the Greek, Minoan, or Mycenaean he space provided, write <i>Mi</i> for Minoan, <i>My</i> for Mycenaean, and <i>Gr</i> for Greek.
1	This was the first Greek civilization.
2	. They adopted the Minoan system of writing.
3.	People were identified by the polis in which they lived.
4.	A volcanic eruption and tidal waves weakened this civilization.
5.	These people founded Athens and Sparta.
6.	The palace and the homes of nobles had running water.
7.	They built the fort-like city of Peloponnesus.
8.	They valued political independence.